



# VA ECMO Management "Cheat" Sheet

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Note: Institutional practices vary. This is merely a sample of some general goals for management of patients requiring VA-ECMO.

- Initial ventilator settings 1.
  - Standard lung protective strategies with goal of early extubation
  - Titrate sweep for PaCO2 35-45 mmHg, if RV dysfunction 35-40 mmHg b
- 2. ECMO Flow: target Cl ≥ 2.2 l/min; SvO<sub>2</sub> > 65%
- Keep Hgb > 8gm/dL (Hct~24gm/dL)
- 4. Keep platelets > 40K (assuming no bleeding)
- 5. aPTT goal 60-80s with IV unfractionated heparin a. Alternatives: ACT-180-220s & anti-Xa-0.3-0.7
- Daily hemolysis labs: LDH, plasma free Hgb
- 7. Initial labs, every 2-4 hours, 24-48 hours after cannulation, lab frequency can be reduced (every 8-12 hours)
  - CBC, BMP, Ca, Mg, PO4, ABG (patient and ECMO)
    - LFTs & lactate prn

### LV distension/pulmonary edema strategy

- Daily TTE, PA cath with PCWP a.
- b Pharmacologic measures: Inotropes, vasodilators
- Mechanical unloading of LV (IABP, Impella, LV vent) c.

### 9. RV failure strategy

b

- Epinephrine/Dobutamine/Milrinone and inhaled pulmonary vasodilator (if available) а
- Serial TTE and/or PA catheter monitor b
- 10. Distal limb ischemia strategy
  - Distal perfusion cannula (SFA/posterior tibial/dorsalis pedis artery) a.

### 11. Recirculation strategy

- Harlequin syndrome/North South а
- Measure PaO<sub>2</sub> in right radial artery b
- Optimize oxygenation; LV venting Convert to VAV configuration C.
- d.

## 12. Volume removal/diuresis

- a. Aggressive diuresis with strong consideration for ultrafiltration as needed (1-2 liters/day)
- 13. Sedation
  - Propofol, dexmedatomidine, fentanyl, ketamine options a.
  - May use NMB if needed b
  - Wean as tolerated with goal of early extubation C.
- 14. Weaning and Liberation from ECMO strategy
  - Hemodynamic and echocardiographic assessments while reducing flow a.
  - Able to maintain a SvO2>65%, SaO2>90% w/ECMO flow <1.5 l/min & hemodynamically stable with good RV function
  - c. Options:
    - Bridge to Recovery
    - ii. Bridge to durable MCS/VAD
    - Bridge to Transplant
- 15. Provider must accompany the VA ECMO patient for every travel (will be minimized during COVID-19) – provider does not need to stay with patient during procedure or test but needs to be on travel to and from unit. Specialist/nurse to stay with patent while off unit